

DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

QUALIFICATION SPECIFICATION SECTION A												
QUALIFICATION DEVELOPER				BAISAGO University								
TITLE	Bacl	helor o	f Comn	nerce in Pul	blic S	ector .	Accou	ınting and	Finance	NCQF LEVEL	7	
FIELD		•	Comme ent Stud	erce and dies	SUE	3-FIEL	.D	Public Se	ector Fir	Financing and Accounting		
New qualification	n	✓	Revie	w of existing	g qua	lificati	on					
SUB-FRAMEWO	ORK		Genei	al Educatio	n		TVE	Т	ŀ	Higher Education	✓	
QUALIFICATION TYPE Ce			Certifi	Certificate			Diploma		E	Bachelor		
QUALIFICATIO	IN I I I	- C	Bache	lor Honour	S		Mas	ter	[Doctor		
CREDIT VALUE										l80		

RATIONALE AND PURPOSE OF THE QUALIFICATION

Lately, there is an increasing focus on improving the quality of public financial management around the globe, with many countries in both the developed and developing world making important and impressive achievements in strengthening public financial management and governance. Public financial management is critical to improving the quality of public service outcomes. According to the office of the Auditor General it has taken Botswana 25 years to look within itself and to evolve by reengineering its delivery of public services and processes. This has consequently led to the persistent shortage of public accountants in the country and as such, there is a need to respond to a new democratic order in the country and to the changing needs of the society. This involves a move away from a narrow focus on public administration towards a broader, more professional and more dynamic focus on governance and public management. The Degree in Public Sector Finance and Accounting offers the relevant requisite professional skills required to prepare the learner for a career in Public Finance, Accounting as well as Public Administration.

According to Vision 2036 Pillar 1 Business and Financial Services sub-sector, human capital plays a critical role in the development of the economy and investment in it can be used to produce human resources that drive growth across the economic sectors. Outward migration of skilled and internally competitive workers has great potential to deal with the high levels of unemployment, especially among the relatively young population and therefore the production of portable skilled workers cannot be overemphasized. Pillar 4,

01/10-01-2018 Page 1 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

Governance, Peace and Security further states that Botswana will have a transparent and accountable leadership across all sectors. It is therefore important again that Botswana has a knowledgeable society socially and academically. This dove-tails well with the Human Resource Development Council's (HRDC) needs.

Further to the above, the market survey conducted revealed that there was need for the proposed Bachelor of Commerce in Public Sector Financing and Accounting, where 90% of the respondents affirmed that the qualification was relevant to the needs of the economy. The respondents were mainly accounting officers in large corporations who are well versed in the area of accounting and the future prospects for training in this field. (Refer to the attached Needs Assessment Report).

The purpose of this qualification is to prepare multidisciplinary qualified financial accounting professionals who are able to:

- i. Organize and manage the accounting function of a business and public sector entities
- ii. Prepare financial statements, as well as budgets and monitor their execution
- iii. Calculate taxes, control the application of accounting policy provisions and evaluate the public sector entity's financial position and results of operations.

The qualification will also help the graduates to advance easily in the field of public finance and accounting, such as Certified Institute of Public Finance and Accounting (CIPFA).

1. PRE-REQUISITE LEARNING AND QUALIFICATION

Minimum entry requirement for this qualification is a:

1.1 Certificate IV, NCQF level 4 (General Education or TVET) or equivalent, including a pass in Mathematics, Accounting, Business Studies or Commerce and a pass in English language.

OR

1.2 Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL): Candidates who do not meet the minimum academic qualifications stated above will be considered through a Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) process which shall be administered according to the National RPL Policy. There will also be provision for Credit Accumulation Transfer to the learner in a case they are transfer in from another institution as per National Policy on CAT.

01/11-01-2018 Page 2 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

QL	JALIFICATIO	N SPECIFI	CATION		
					SECTION B
	RADUATE	PROFILE	(LEARI	NING	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA
OL	JTCOMES)				
1.	Apply the	principles,	practices	and	1.1 . Determine the differences between the public sector
	techniques	in the	control	and	and the business sector parts of the economy.
	managemer	nt of public r	esources.		1.2 Analyse current public sector challenges, reforms and
					practices in Botswana.
					1.3 Assess the implications of public sector practices in
					financial management, accounting and budgeting.
2.	Recommend	d appropriat	e quality co	ontrol	2.1 Evaluate the standard unmodified auditor's report.
	policies and	procedures	in public s	ector	2.2 Draft extracts suitable for inclusion in an audit report.
	practice ma	nagement.			2.3 Evaluate the factors to be taken into account when
					forming an audit opinion in a given situation.
					2.4 Justify audit opinions that are consistent with the results
					of audit procedures relating to the sufficiency of audit
					evidence and/or compliance with accounting standards
					(including the going concern basis).
					2.5 Critique the implications for the auditor's report on
					financial statements that report complies with
					International Public Sector Accounting Standards
					(IPSASs).
					2.6 Recognize the auditor's position in relation to the
					acceptance and retention of professional appointments.
3.	Apply fisc	al plannin	g proced	ures,	3.1 Differentiate between Budgeting and Budgetary Control.
	including bu	dgets, to en	sure monit	oring	3.2 Evaluate Financing and Financial Control Information.
	of collection	of returns b	y authoritie	es.	3.3 Produce schedules in Tax Planning and Tax Compliance
					by ensuring that relevant returns are submitted to the
					authorities.
					3.4 Apply procurement policies and procedures in the public
					sector set-up.
					3.5 Compare local procurement processes and procedures
					within the Region and beyond.

01/11-01-2018 Page 3 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

		3.6 Apply Audit Processes According to Public Sector
		Accounting Act and Accounting Practice
		3.7 Formulate Strategies to Combat Fraud and Malpractice.
4.	Prepare public sector financial	4.1 Prepare statements of financial performance, financial
	statements for performance analysis.	position and cash flows for public sector entities.
		4.2 Account for costs in public sector operations.
		4.3 Analyse performance of public sector entities through
		use of financial and nonfinancial information.
		4.4 Audit financial statements of public sector entireties.
5.	Evaluate Economics of the Public Debt	5.1 Appraise public debt and fiscal policy.
	to produce reports that assist public	5.2 Analyze the growth of the nation's debt.
	sector management to make informed	5.3 Evaluate the burden on future generation.
	decisions.	5.4 Examine the market for the state and local debt.
		5.5 Produce reports that assist management in making
		informed decisions.
6.	Analyse policies governing public	6.1 Demonstrate knowledge of the processes and mandate
	sector accounting for betterment of	of the Public Accounts Committee (PAC).
	money laundering prevention.	6.2 Analyse Internal Policies Governing Public Sector
		Accounting.
		6.3 Perform analysis of International Policies Governing
		Public Sector Accounting in local authorities.
		6.4 Conduct investigations using the Anti-Corruption Act,
		DCEC Act, Whistleblowing Act, and Money-Laundering
		Act.
7.	Employ Information Communications	7.1 Apply relevant accounting package in recording financial
	Technology (ICT) - (Equipment &	transactions.
	Software) for effective and efficient	7.2 Assess future needs of ICT and come up with strategies
	accounting operations.	to combat any potential threats
8.	Apply models of ethical decision-	8.1 Describe the foundations of ethical theory.
	making to address ethical dilemmas.	8.2 Identify theories and concepts relevant to the field of
		public administration.

01/11-01-2018 Page 4 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

responsibility. 8.4 Discuss ethical issues and moral dilemmas in publi service. 8.5 Apply ethical/sustainability theories and principles t case study examples of business behavior. 8.6 Evaluate individual and organisational ethical action an		8.3 Define the dynamics concerning sustainable
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different methods.	public sector and accounting	
0.2 Company simple contracts for use by the public sector		
		9.3 Compose simple contracts for use by the public sector.
		9.4 Asses the correctness of applying specific laws to
specific cases		specific cases

01/11-01-2018 Page 5 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

QUALIFICATION ST	RUCTURE		
			SECTION C
FUNDAMENTAL	Title	Level	Credits
COMPONENT	Principles of Business Management	5	12
Subjects / Units /	Business Communication	5	12
Modules /Courses	Computing & Information Skills	5	12
	Research Methods	7	15
	Quantitative Methods	5	12
CORE	Financial Accounting I	6	12
COMPONENT	Micro Economics	6	12
Subjects / Units /	Financial Accounting II	7	12
Modules /Courses	Principles of Marketing	6	12
	Macro Economics	6	12
	Organisational Behaviour	6	12
	Cost & Management Accounting	7	15
	Commercial Law	6	12
	Accounting Systems in a Computer Environment	7	15
	Corporate Governance and Business Ethics	7	12
	Auditing	7	12
	Advance Cost & Management Accounting	7	15
	Public Sector Financing & Accounting I (IPSASs)	7	12
	Advanced Public Sector Audit & Assurance	7	15
	Project Management	7	12
	Public Sector Economics & Development	7	12
	Public Sector Organization & Administrative Polices	8	12
	Public Sector Financing and Accounting II	7	15
	Financial Management	7	12
	Corporate Governance and Ethics	8	12
	Industrial Attachment	7	60
	Accounting Theory & Finance	7	12
	Strategic Management	7	12
	Public Sector Leadership & Management	7	12

01/11-01-2018 Page 6 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

	Advanced Public Sector Financial Reporting	8	15
	Public Finance & Taxation	7	15
	Research Project	7	24
ELECTIVE	Financial Engineering	7	12
COMPONENT	Sustainable Management Futures	7	12
Subjects / Units /	-		
Modules /Courses			

Rules of combinations, Credit distribution (where applicable):

Level 5 consists of 48 credits

Level 6 consists of 72 credits

Level 7 consists of 321 credits

Level 8 consists of 39 credits

Total credits = 480 credits

The credit combination for this qualification is made up of 63 credits from the fundamental component, 405 credits from the core component and 12 credits from the elective component, where candidate choose only one module.

ASSESSMENT AND MODERATION ARRANGEMENTS

Assessment

All assessments which are leading to the award of the qualification should be based on learning outcomes and associated assessment criteria.

. Formative Assessment

The weightings for the Formative Assessment component which contributes to the awarding of credits is to be weighted as follows: The weighting of formative assessment is 40 % of the Final assessment mark.

. Summative Assessment

Final examinations

The weighting of summative assessment is 60 % of the Final assessment mark.

Internal Moderation Requirements

01/11-01-2018 Page 7 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

- i. All assessment instruments should be internally moderated before administration.
- ii. All marked scripts should be moderated internally.
- iii. The preparation of the moderation should be accompanied by the Assessment Matrix.
- iv. Reports and associated documents to be in place for external moderation should include but not limited to:
 - Qualification document
 - Assessment Instrument
 - Assessment design and alignment matrix
 - Marking key
 - Internal Moderation report
 - List of candidates and scores attained (Module wise report)
 - Examination Attendance register

External Moderation Requirements

External moderation is a final check, by external subject experts, that the examination and marking is at the right standard for the type and level of the qualification. External moderation exercise may lead to a decision to change marks. Each sub-field will have a Substantive External Examiner.

RECOGNITION OF PRIOR LEARNING (if applicable)

Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) is a form of assessment for eligibility into the qualification. It allows recognition of skills and knowledge acquired through informal learning such as work or life experience. Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) and Credit Accumulation Transfer (CAT) will be applicable for consideration for award in this qualification.

PROGRESSION PATHWAYS (LEARNING AND EMPLOYMENT)

Learning Pathways

Horizontal Articulation:

- Bachelor of Commerce Degree in Finance
- Bachelor of Commerce Degree in Banking & Finance
- Bachelor of Science in Management Accounting
- Bachelor of Business Administration in Internal Audit
- Post Graduate in Public Sector Financial Management

01/11-01-2018 Page 8 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

Vertical Articulation

- Master of Science in Public Accounting
- Master of Business Administration (MBA)
- Master of Science in Public Finance

Employment Pathways

- Accounting Officer
- Tax Consultants
- Financial advisors
- Asset Managers
- Auditors
- Cost Accountant
- Credit Analysts
- Treasury Analyst
- Budget Analyst

QUALIFICATION AWARD AND CERTIFICATION

Candidates meeting the prescribed requirements will be awarded the qualification in accordance with the qualification composition rules and applicable policies. To be eligible for the award of the Bachelor of Commerce Degree in Public Sector Accounting & Finance, candidates should have completed all the fundamental, core and elective modules and have accumulated a minimum of 480 credits.

REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL COMPARABILITY

This qualification was benchmarked with the following:

1. Bachelor of Science in Public Accounting – Mercy College (USA)

The Bachelor of Commerce in Public Accounting qualification and the proposed qualification are at NCQF level 7 and have duration of 4 years. Both qualifications cover business and public accounting modules. Despite the similarities the qualifications have some differences. The proposed qualification bears 480 credits while the Mercy College's qualification carries 260 credits.

2. Bachelor of Taxation and Accounting – University of Canterbury (Australia)

Similarities observed when compared with the proposed are the NCQF level 7 and the element of accounting and financing as they have some common modules such as Financial Accounting and Public Finance and

01/11-01-2018 Page 9 of 10



DNCQF.FDMD.GD04 Issue No.: 01

Accounting. The duration for the qualification of University of Canterbury is 3 years while for the Bachelor of Commerce in Public Sector Financing and Accounting is 4 years.

3. Bachelor's Degree in accounting – Tanzania Institute of Accountancy (Tanzania)

The qualifications are placed at NCQF level 7, have similar assessment strategies and both provide for Project Paper. The qualifications have notable differences. The duration for the proposed is 4 years while for the Tanzania Institute of Accountancy is 3 years. The bachelor's degree in accounting does not provide for industrial attachment and the Bachelor of Commerce in Public Sector Financing and Accounting does.

The proposed qualification compares well with the qualifications compared with. All qualifications do converge in the sense that they are all meant to produce accounting specialists and are at NCQF level 7. The proposed qualification stand out in the sense that it covers both accounting and public finance in depth as it offers many modules on those areas unlike the.

REVIEW PERIOD

This qualification will be reviewed after 5 years upon registration as per the qualification/programme review policy.

01/11-01-2018 Page 10 of 10